



Anchorsholme Academy Positive Handling Policy



Implementation Date: February 2021
Adopted by Governors/HT: Governors
Review period: Annually
Last review date: May 2021
Person responsible for policy: Mrs T Foster

Statement of Intent

Anchorsholme Academy believes that it is important to establish a safe, secure and stable environment to enable pupils to grow, develop and learn. To achieve this, the school recognises that, in certain circumstances, managing violence through control and restraint may be necessary.

This policy acknowledges that situations may arise in which staff members will be required to use positive handling, and in some cases reasonable force, in order to manage conflict when other measures have failed to do so.

The aim of this policy is to ensure that actions such as positive handling and reasonable force are used in a correct and safe manner, which is in accordance with the relevant legislation and national guidance.

1. Legal Framework

- 1.1. This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation including, but not limited to, the following:
 - The Education Act 2011
 - The Children Act 1989
 - The Equality Act 2010
- 1.2. This policy has due regard to the following guidance:
 - DfE (2013) 'Use of reasonable force in schools'
 - DfE (2018) 'Working Together to Safeguard Children'
 - **[Updated]** DfE (2020) 'Keeping children safe in education'
- 1.3. This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:
 - Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy
 - Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
 - Behaviour and Discipline Policy

2. Roles and Responsibilities

- 2.1. The governing board is responsible for:
 - Monitoring the overall implementation of this policy.
 - Notifying the Headteacher that the Behaviour Policy should include the power to use reasonable force.
 - Evaluating the Positive Handling Log to analyse how and when positive handling is used and identify any trends.
 - Reviewing this policy on an annual basis.
 - Responding to any complaints, in liaison with the Headteacher, from pupils or parents regarding the use of reasonable force.
- 2.2. The Headteacher is responsible for:
 - Deciding whether members of staff require additional training to enable them to carry out their responsibilities, considering the needs of pupils.
 - Ensuring all members of staff understand the correct conduct in terms of positive handling.

- Handling any allegations of abuse in line with the Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy.
 - Ensuring that any member of staff who uses reasonable force completes the Positive Handling Report Form.
 - Maintaining the Positive Handling Log and sending this to the governing board before each FGB meeting for it to be evaluated at the FGB meeting.
 - Ensuring that the Behaviour Policy sets out the circumstances in which force might be used.
 - Responding to any complaints, in liaison with the governing board, from pupils or parents regarding the use of reasonable force.
- 2.3. The SENCO is responsible for:
- Providing training to members of staff on how to handle pupils with SEND.
 - Ensuring staff understand how pupils with SEND may react differently to reasonable force.
 - Ensuring that staff understand the additional vulnerability of pupils with SEND or medical conditions.
 - Developing individual behaviour plans for pupils with SEND or medical conditions that are agreed with the pupil's parents, and ensuring teaching staff are aware of these.
 - Ensuring that staff understand how reasonable force principles may need to be adapted for pupils with medical conditions.
- 2.4. The DSL is responsible for:
- Providing staff with reasonable force training where the Headteacher deems it necessary. Staff in every year group have been trained via "Team Teach".
 - Ensuring all members of staff use reasonable force in accordance with this policy.
 - Reviewing this policy in liaison with the Headteacher and governing board.

3. What is positive handling?

- 3.1. For the purpose of this policy, 'positive handling' is the positive application of force with the intention of protecting pupils and limiting damage to property.
- 3.2. Legal framework and national guidance often refer to the 'use of force' – this policy uses the term 'positive handling' whenever possible.
- 3.3. Positive handling is used in the school to:
- Restrain a pupil who has lost emotional self-control until the situation is diffused.
 - Limit the amount of harm that the pupil involved can do to themselves or others.
 - Demonstrate to pupils that they are within a safe environment in which adults can contain pupils' anger and other erratic emotions.
 - Protect all pupils against any form of physical intervention which is unnecessary, inappropriate, excessive or harmful.

- 3.4. Positive handling will be limited to emergency situations and used only as a last resort.
- 3.5. Where positive handling is required, the school will abide to the following guidance:
 - Initial intervention will always be without force.
 - Any physical intervention will follow other appropriate actions.
 - Staff will take a calm and measured approach in all situations.
 - A Positive Handling Report Form will be completed after an incident involving physical intervention.
- 3.6. Failure to positively handle a pupil who subsequently gets injured, or injures another pupil, could lead to an accusation of negligence.
- 3.7. Positive handling will never be invasive, humiliating or flirtatious in nature or take a form which could be seen as punishment.
- 3.8. Positive handling will be applied as an act of care and control with the intention of re-establishing verbal control as soon as possible and, at the same time, allowing the pupil to regain self-control.

4. What is reasonable force?

- 4.1. There is no statutory definition of reasonable force; it will always depend on what is considered necessary and proportionate, given the circumstance of the case.
- 4.2. The use of reasonable force is only acceptable to control pupils or restrain them, and involves using no more force than is needed in the circumstance.
- 4.3. 'Control' refers to either passive physical contact, such as blocking a pupil's path, or active physical contact, such as leading a pupil by the arm.
- 4.4. 'Restraint' refers to physically bringing a pupil under control, such as holding them back. This is typically used in more extreme circumstances, such as to separate two pupils fighting.
- 4.5. The degree of force that is used will depend on the pupil's circumstances, e.g. age.
- 4.6. Staff members will always use actions that are appropriate and in proportion to the circumstances of the incidents.
- 4.7. All incidents that involve the use of reasonable force will be reported to the Headteacher, recorded in writing and communicated to the pupil's parents.
- 4.8. The following list is not exhaustive, but provides examples of situations where the school may decide to use reasonable force:
 - Disruptive children must be removed from the classroom and are refusing instructions to leave.
 - Members of staff need to control disruptive pupils on school trips, or similar.
 - Members of staff must prevent a pupil from leaving a classroom where doing so would risk their safety or lead to behaviour that disrupts the behaviour of others.
 - A pupil is attacking a member of staff or another pupil.
 - A pupil is at serious risk of harming themselves and a member of staff must intervene to prevent this.

- The Headteacher or authorised staff are conducting a search for items prohibited under the Education Act 1996, e.g. knives and weapons, alcohol and illegal drugs.
- 4.9. Physical intervention will never be used as a substitute for good behavioural management. De-escalation techniques will always be tried in the first instance.

5. Use of Positive Handling and Reasonable Force

- 5.1. All members of staff will be permitted to use positive handling where they believe it to be appropriate, as long as all necessary precautions are taken.
- 5.2. The power to positively handle pupils also applies to any individual whom the Headteacher has identified as temporarily in charge, such as volunteers.
- 5.3. The decision to physically intervene during a situation is down to the professional judgement of the member of staff and always depends on the circumstances.
- 5.4. Staff will always calmly communicate the reasons for their actions to the pupil and explain why it was necessary in a non-threatening manner.
- 5.5. Staff will never give the impression that they are acting out of anger or are punishing the child.
- 5.6. All staff members will develop strategies and techniques for dealing with difficult pupils and situations, which they will use to diffuse and calm a situation.
- 5.7. In non-urgent situations, staff will always try and deal with a situation through other strategies before using force.
- 5.8. Staff members will always avoid acting in a way that could cause injury; however, dependant on the circumstances, this may not always be possible.
- 5.9. Where a member of staff believes that they are at risk, such as where an injury is likely to occur, they will not intervene in an incident without help and assistance of another staff member.
- Emergency intervention is necessary when there is a high risk of pupils being injured or property being damaged.
 - If emergency intervention is required, a member of staff will use other methods of defusing the situation, without physically intervening, until assistance arrives.
- 5.10. Following the event, the pupil involved may be subject to separate disciplinary procedures, in which strategies should be formed to help avoid reoccurrence of such incidents.
- 5.11. Where necessary, external agencies, such as the Local Authority (LA) or the police if a crime has been committed, will be informed of the incident.
- 5.12. Only positive handling techniques as trained via "Team Teach" will be used. These will only be used by trained staff. Positive handling techniques which present an unacceptable risk and will not be used include:
- The 'seated double embrace' where two staff members force a pupil into a sitting position and lean them forward whilst a third staff member monitors their breathing.

- The 'double basket-hold' in which a pupil's arms are held across their chest.
- The 'nose distraction technique' which involves a sharp upward jab under the pupil's nose.

6. SEND and Medical Conditions

- 6.1. The school will have due consideration to the risks posed by the additional vulnerability of pupils with SEND or medical conditions in terms of positive handling.
- 6.2. The SENCO will ensure that the stipulations of the Equality Act 2010 are adhered to in relation to reasonable adjustments, non-discrimination and the Public Sector Equality Duty.
- 6.3. The school will adhere to its SEND Policy at all times.
- 6.4. To reduce the occurrence of challenging behaviour that can necessitate the use of reasonable force, the SENCO will establish individual behaviour plans for more vulnerable pupils, e.g. those with SEND, that are agreed with the pupil's parents.
- 6.5. The SENCO will liaise with the DSL/Deputy DSL regarding the use of positive handling on pupils with SEND and establish how training may need to be amended.

7. Reporting Incidents

- 7.1. A detailed written Positive Handling Log will be kept of any incidents where force is used.
- 7.2. Immediately following an incident, the member(s) of staff involved will verbally report the incident to the Headteacher (Deputy Headteacher in their absence) and provide a comprehensive written record of the situation as soon as possible, using the Positive Handling Report Form .
- 7.3. The written report of the incident must be thorough, including as much detail as possible as to what had happened before, during and after the incident, and describing any injuries incurred due to the event.
- 7.4. The Headteacher (Deputy Headteacher in their absence) will make the decision as to whether it is appropriate to inform the pupil's parents of the details of an incident. If it is appropriate, the following will be adhered to:
 - Parents will be informed in writing and a copy of this report will be given to the member(s) of staff involved in the incident.
- 7.5. The report will inform parents of their right to complain about the use of positive handling and reasonable force, in line with the Complaints Procedures Policy.
- 7.6. If a member of staff witnesses or suspects the use of positive handling or reasonable force, where another member of staff is actively involved in physical intervention, they will report this to the Headteacher immediately.
- 7.7. Any allegations against staff will be dealt with as a matter of urgency, and in accordance with the procedures outlined in the Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy.

- 7.8. The Headteacher will be responsible for conducting a thorough investigation to find out the correct details of what occurred; this may include talking to other pupils about the incident, for instance those who witnessed the event.
- 7.9. Once concluded, the Positive Handling Report Form must be filed in the Positive Handling Log – located in the school office.

8. Complaints

- 8.1. All members of staff should be aware of the consequences and legal retributions that can occur following the incorrect use of positive handling and force.
- 8.2. All complaints regarding the use of positive handling or force will be investigated in a thorough and speedy manner.
- 8.3. The person making the complaint is responsible for proving that their allegations are true, and therefore, it is not for the member of staff to prove that their actions were made reasonably.
- 8.4. In the case where a member of staff has acted within the law, this will provide a defence to any civil or criminal prosecution.
- 8.5. Members of staff accused of using excessive force will not be automatically suspended as a response to the allegations. The following procedure will be adhered to:
 - Careful consideration will be given to whether the case warrants a person being suspended until the allegation is resolved.
 - The governing board will always take into account whether a staff member has acted within the law when considering whether or not to take disciplinary action against a staff member involved in an incident.
 - Where a member of staff is suspended, the school will ensure that the staff member has access to a named contact that can provide support and guidance.
 - The school can organise pastoral care through the EAP for any member of staff who is subject to a formal allegation.

9. Staff Training

- 9.1. The DSL will conduct regular safeguarding training for all members of staff; the training should touch on the most effective positive handling strategies and use of reasonable force techniques (“Team Teach”).
- 9.2. Staff should be aware of subsequent risks of their actions and fully understand when it is appropriate and necessary to use such actions.

Positive Handling Report (using Team Teach Techniques)

Seen by Head:		Date:		Logged in book	
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Section A

Name of child		Class	
Date		Year group	
Place		Time	

Names of staff
Names of witnesses

Reason for Intervention

Immediate danger of personal injury to self		Immediate danger of injury to another person							
Disruption to other pupils		Fighting		Assault		Verbal threats		Accidental	
To avoid damage to property		To prevent / interrupt absconding				Off Site		Within Grounds	

Describe the lead up to the incident/behaviour

De-escalation Techniques Used										
Verbal Advice & Support		Humour					Distraction			
Reassurance		Options Offered					Step Away			
Calm Talking		Time Out Offered					Time Out Directed			
Non-threatening Body Language		Other (please specify)								

Details of the incident:					
Remained in class		Cool-off Room		Returned to class	

Section B (to be filled in if physical controls were used)

Forms of physical control used as taught by TEAM TEACH					
Held by 2 or more		Friendly hold		Figure of four hold	
Holding only		Single elbow		Wrap – for smaller child	
Guided escort		Double elbow		Shield	
Taken to floor – sitting/kneeling		Inside double elbow		Approximate duration of physical control	

Medical Intervention Where appropriate				Injury Suffered by Child		Yes		No	
Child checked by:				Treatment Required		Yes		No	
Referred to First Aider	Yes		No	Specify:					
Referred to G.P.		Hospital							
Parent/Carer informed by:	Phone		Letter						
Injury suffered by staff	Yes		No	Damage to Property		YES		NO	
Specify				Details					

Action Taken					
Follow up talk		Recommend part-time		Review Meeting	
Complete work missed		Referred to Police		Exclusion	
Returned to Class		Letter to Parent/Carer		Other Sanction	
Signed				Date	